

2 Say the chant. **3** Do the actions. Move Together! He's a big dog. He's a big, beautiful, red dog. **4** Join the dots.

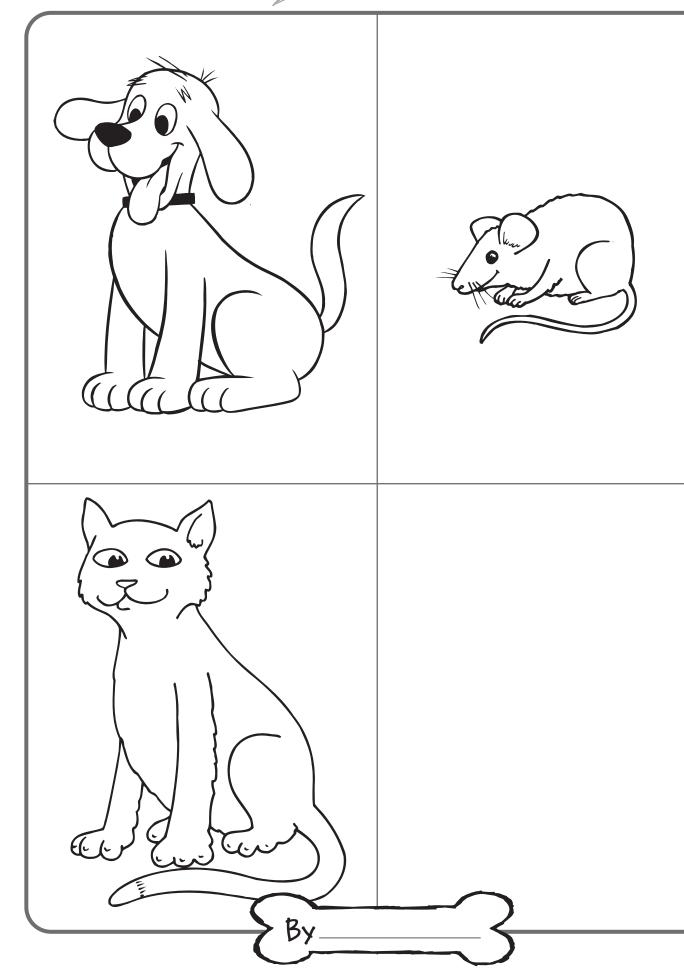
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He's a big dog. He's a dog. He's a big dog. He's a big, red dog. He's a big, red dog. He's a big, beautiful, red dog. He's a great big, beautiful dog.

He's a dog.

1 Colour the picture.

Give each child a copy of the picture on page 8. Point children to understand how stress works, though. At to Clifford, read aloud the title of the chant and ask the children: Who is the big, red dog? (Clifford). Point to and this stage it is just important for them to imitate the name the other things in the picture: two small dogs, a stress and to know which words to emphasise when bone, grass, flowers, trees. Talk about what Clifford and saying the chant. the other dogs are doing (They are digging for a bone.) Then give each child a copy of the dot-to-dot activity Note: do not expect the children to learn this on page 9 to complete and colour. (You may wish to vocabulary. At this stage, all they need to know is: big, enlarge this.) *red dog*. They can then colour the picture, while you 5 Colour and draw. play the chant on the CD to familiarise them with the Ask questions about Clifford: Is he big? Is he red? Is he

rhythm and the words. beautiful? Model the answer: Yes, he is. Ask each child a 2 Say the chant. question and help him/her to answer. Then ask After you have let the children listen to the chant a few questions about other pet animals (these may be the times, explain what it means using pictures, actions or variations you used for the chant in exercise 3 or the translation. Say it together with the children on the children's own pets) e.g. Is he small? Is he white? Is he recording. Then say it together with the music-only beautiful? Help the children to answer correctly (Yes, he track. Divide the children into two groups to say the is. or No, he isn't.). After that, give them a copy of the different parts of the chant. Encourage them to activity sheet on page 10. Explain the instruction: They emphasise the describing words (adjectives) when they must colour in the different animals and then draw a say the chant – as on the track (big, red, beautiful, etc). picture of another animal in the last block. This animal 3 Do the actions. should be a different size and a different colour from the others e.g. A little, blue bird. Move around while they are doing this and ask them to describe what they have drawn and write the last description for them.

Move as you say the chant. Follow the movements on page 9 or make up some of your own movements. Encourage the children to clap at the end of every second line and after the questions (as on the track).

Change the words of the chant. Make up new variations to describe other pet animals, e.g. 1. He's a small, white mouse. He's a small, beautiful, white mouse. He's a really small, beautiful mouse. 2. She's a large, black cat. She's a large, beautiful black cat. She's a very large, beautiful cat. 3. He's a little, blue bird. He's a little, beautiful blue bird. He's a tiny little, beautiful blue bird.

4 Join the dots

Say the following sentences one at a time and emphasise the words in **bold** (as on the track): He's a dog. He's a big dog. He's a big, red dog. He's a big, beautiful, red dog. He's a great, big, beautiful dog. Encourage the children to listen and to repeat each sentence after you, emphasising the words in bold.

Teacher's Notes

Is he big? Yes, he is.

Is he red? Yes, he is.

Is he beautiful? Yes, he is. He's a great big, beautiful dog.

He's a great big, beautiful, red dog. He's a great big, beautiful dog.

Note: in English, stress is placed on words that carry important or new information. Do not expect the

Other activities.

Collect an assortment of items, which vary in size and colour e.g. a big, green book; a small, yellow crayon; a *little, red pencil,* etc. Put them in a bag and show them to the children one at a time. Describe each item and ask questions such as, Is it small? Is it yellow? Help them to respond by saying, Yes, it is. or No, it isn't. You can add words to describe qualities too, if you wish (beautiful, lovely, really, etc.). Display the items in the classroom and encourage the children to talk about the items in their own time.

Practise the sound of the contraction he's (he is). Demonstrate how to pronounce other contractions too, such as she's (she is) and it's (it is).